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## NTE3104 Opto Interrupter Module Photo Reflector, NPN Transistor Output

**Description:**

The NTE3104 is a subminiature photo reflector whose GaAs infrared emitting diode and silicon transistor are assembled in the same package allowing for easy installation and handling.

The NTE3104 has an excellent S/N ratio (more than 40dB) and contains a built-in filter for cutting visible light.

Typical applications for the NTE3104 include strobe detection in audio turntables, tape end detection, automatic vending machines, and various other automatic control units.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

**Emitter**

Forward Current, $I_F$	
Continuous .....	50mA
Pulse (Note 1) .....	500mA
Continuous Reverse Voltage, $V_R$ .....	6V
Power Dissipation, $P_D$ .....	75mW

**Detector**

Collector-Emitter Voltage, $V_{CEO}$ .....	25V
Emitter-Collector Voltage, $V_{ECO}$ .....	6V
Collector Current, $I_C$ .....	20mA
Collector Power Dissipation, $P_C$ .....	75mW

**Coupled**

Total Power Dissipation, $P_{tot}$ .....	100mW
Isolation Voltage (Note 2), $V_{iso}$ .....	1000V
Operating Temperature Range, $T_{opr}$ .....	$-20^\circ$ to $+90^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range, $T_{stg}$ .....	$-30^\circ$ to $+100^\circ\text{C}$

Note 1. Pulse Width  $\leq 10\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Ratio: 0.01

Note 2. R.H. = 40% to 60% for one minute.

### Electro-Optical Characteristics:

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Emitter</b>						
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = 4\text{mA}$	–	1.08	1.15	V
Pulse Forward Voltage	$V_{FP}$	$I_{FP} = 500\text{mA}$	–	1.4	–	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R = 6\text{V}$	–	–	1	$\mu\text{A}$
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda$	$I_F = 50\text{mA}, T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	–	940	–	nm
Spectral Half Bandwidth	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F = 50\text{mA}, T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	–	50	–	nm
Capacitance	$C_t$	$V_R = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$	–	35	–	pF
<b>Detector</b>						
Dark Current	$I_{CEO}$	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$	–	–	20	nA
Collector–Emitter Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	$i_C = 100\mu\text{A}$	25	–	–	V
Emitter–Collector Voltage	$V_{(BR)ECO}$	$i_C = 100\mu\text{A}$	6	–	–	V
<b>Coupled</b>						
Output Current	$I_O$	$I_F = 4\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, d = 1\text{mm}$	12	–	125	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector Dark Current	$I_{CEOD}$	$I_F = 4\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$	–	–	50	nA
Rise Time	$t_r$	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_F = 4\text{mA}, R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega, d = 1\text{mm}$	–	70	500	$\mu\text{s}$
Fall Time	$t_f$		–	50	500	$\mu\text{s}$
Isolation Resistance	$R_{iso}$	R.H. = 40% to 60%, 250V at E–D	–	1000	–	$\text{M}\Omega$

