

## NTE7050 Integrated Circuit Phase Lock Loop (PLL) Stereo Decoder

**Description:**

The NTE7050 is a Phase Lock Loop (PLL) stereo decoder with cassette head amplifiers in a 16-Lead DIP type package designed especially for car radios. This device has SDS circuitry where fluctuating signal strength can cause demodulation noise and distortion. The stereo decoder is compensated for a typical IF filter with a roll-off frequency of 50kHz (2dB down at 38kHz).

**Features:**

- A Voltage-Controlled Oscillator
- A Pilot Presence Detector and an Automatic Mono/Stereo Switch
- A Matrix and Two Amplifiers for the Left and Right Output Signal
- Two Output Buffers with 10dB Gain and Low Output Impedance
- Mute Circuit
- A Source Selector for Radio or Cassette
- An Input Amplifier of which the Gain can be Adjusted by means of an External Input Resistor
- A Pilot Cancelling Circuit for an Extra Suppression of the Pilot Signal of 15dB
- An Signal Dependent Stereo (SDS) Circuit for a Smooth Change Over from Stereo to Mono at Weak Tuner Input Signals

**Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Supply Voltage (Pin3 and Pin9),  $V_{3-5}$ ,  $V_{9-5}$  ..... 18V  
 LED Driver (Peak Current),  $I_3$  ..... 75mA  
 Total Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ),  $P_{TOT}$  ..... 1.6W  
 Operating Ambient Temperature Range,  $T_A$  .....  $-30^\circ$  to  $+80^\circ\text{C}$   
 Storage Temperature Range,  $T_{stg}$  .....  $-55^\circ$  to  $+150^\circ\text{C}$   
 Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient,  $R_{thJA}$  .....  $75^\circ\text{C/W}$

**Recommended Operating Characteristics:** (All voltages with reference to Pin5)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$		7.0	8.5	16.0	V

**DC Electrical Characteristics:** ( $V_{CC} = 8.5V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Current Consumption (Without LED Driver)	$I_{TOT}$		–	15	–	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$		–	125	–	mW
Voltages on Pin15	$V_{15-5}$		–	2.0	–	V
Voltages on Pin16, Pin12	$V_{16-5}, V_{12-5}$		–	3.5	–	V
DC Current Pin14	$-I_{14}$		195	275	390	$\mu A$
DC Current Pin2	$-I_2$		195	275	390	$\mu A$
Output Current Pin3	$-I_3$		–	–	20	mA
Switch “VCO OFF” Voltage (Pin7)	$V_7$		–	2.2	–	V
Current (Pin7)	$I_7$		–	–	50	$\mu A$

**AF Conditions:**

Input MUX signal is  $1V_{P-P} = 1kHz$ ;  $V_{PILOT} = 32mV$  (9%), oscillator adjusted to  $f_{OSC} = 228kHz$  at  $V_I = 0V$ , unless otherwise specified. (All figures are measured with a roll-off network of 50kHz (2dB down at 38kHz) at the input.

**AC Electrical Characteristics:** (All parameters are measured in the circuit at nominal supply voltage ( $V_{CC} = 8.5V$ ) and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gain Input Amplifier	$A_V$		–	–	20	dB
Input Impedance (External)	$Z_I$		–	47	–	k $\Omega$
Maximum Input Voltage	$V_I$		–	–	TBD	$V_{P-P}$
Gain Output Buffers	$A_V$		–	10	–	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	$V_{O12, 16}$	THD $\leq 1\%$	–	–	TBD	$V_O$
Output Impedance	$Z_O$	Pin12, Pin16	–	–	500	$\Omega$
Maximum Load Impedance	$Z_L$		5.0	–	–	k $\Omega$
Muting Level	$\alpha$ muting		–	90	–	dB
Source Selector	$\alpha$		–	90	–	dB
<b>Overall Performance</b>						
Overall Gain (Mono)	$V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$		10	11	12	dB
AF Output Voltage (RMS) Mono	$V_{12} = V_{16}$		1.1	1.25	–	V
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_{OUT} = 1.2V_{RMS}$ , Note 1	–	–	0.5	%
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT 12, 16}$	THD = 1%	–	–	TBD	V
Output Channel Unbalance	$\frac{V_{OUT 12}}{V_{OUT 16}}$		–	0.2	1.0	dB
Channel Separation	$\alpha$	L = 1, R = 0	26	40	–	dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	S/N	Bandwidth 20Hz to 16kHz	–	76	–	dB
		Bandwidth DINA	–	82	–	dB

Note 1. Guaranteed for mono, mono +pilot, stereo.

**AC Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** (All parameters are measured in the circuit at nominal supply voltage ( $V_{CC} = 8.5V$ ) and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>SDS Control</b>						
10dB Channel Separation	V4		–	1.0	–	V
Full Stereo	V4	Channel Separation $\geq 26dB$	–	1.2	–	V
Full Mono	V4	Channel Separation $\geq 1dB$	–	0.8	–	V
<b>Stereo/Mono Switch</b> ( $R6 - 5 = 180k$ , Note 2)						
For Switching to Stereo	$V_I$		–	14	20	mV
For Switching to Mono	$V_I$		4	–	–	mV
Hysteresis	$\Delta V_I$		–	4	–	mV
<b>Carrier and Harmonic Suppression at the Output</b> (Note 3)						
Pilot Signal	$\alpha_{19}$	$f = 19kHz$ , $R6-5 = 180k\Omega$ , Note 2	32	40	–	dB
Subcarrier	$\alpha_{38}$	$f = 38kHz$	–	45	–	dB
	$\alpha_{57}$	$f = 57kHz$	–	50	–	dB
	$\alpha_{228}$	$f = 228kHz$	–	75	–	dB
Intermodulation	$\alpha_2$	$f_M = 10kHz$ , spurious signal, $f_S = 1kHz$ , Note 4	–	50	–	dB
	$\alpha_3$	$f_M = 13kHz$ , spurious signal, $f_S = 1kHz$ , Note 4	–	50	–	dB
Traffic Radio (VWF) Suppression	$\alpha_{57}$ (VWF)	$f = 57kHz$ , Note 5	–	80	–	dB
SCA (Subsidiary Communications Authorization)	$\alpha_{67}$	$f = 67kHz$ , Note 6	–	70	–	dB

Note 2. Also adjustable.

Note 3. Reference output voltage at 1kHz (measured channel R (Pin2)).

Note 4. Intermodulation suppression (BFC: Beat-Frequency Components):

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 1kHz}} : f_S = (2 \times 10kHz) - 19kHz$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 1kHz}} : f_S = (3 \times 13kHz) - 38kHz$$

measured with: 91% mono signal;  $f_M = 10$  or  $13kHz$ ; 9% pilot signal.

Note 5. Traffic ratio (VWF) suppression:

$$\alpha_{57} \text{ (VWF)} = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 1kHz} \pm 23Hz}$$

measured with: 91% stereo signal;  $f_M = 1kHz$ ; 9% pilot signal; 5% traffic subcarrier ( $f = 57kHz$ ; 60% AM modulated with  $f$  mod. 23Hz).

Note 6. SCA (Subsidiary Communications Authorization):

$$\alpha_{67} = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 9kHz}} : f_S = (2 \times 38kHz) - 67kHz$$

measured with: 81% mono signal;  $f_M = 1kHz$ ; 9% pilot signal; 10% SCA-subcarrier ( $f_S = 67kHz$ , unmodulated).

**AC Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** (All parameters are measured in the circuit at nominal supply voltage ( $V_{CC} = 8.5V$ ) and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b>Carrier and Harmonic Suppression at the Output (Cont'd)</b> (Note 3)							
ACI (Adjacent Channel Interference)	$\alpha_{114}$	$f = 114kHz$ , Note 7	–	90	–	dB	
	$\alpha_{190}$	$f = 190kHz$ , Note 7	–	60	–	dB	
Ripple Rejection	RR100	$f = 100Hz$ , $V_{RIPPLE} = 100mV$	$V_9 = 8.5V$	–	46	–	dB
			$V_9 = 7.0V$	–	TBD	–	dB
<b>VCO (Voltage–Controlled Oscillator)</b>							
Oscillator Frequency Adjustable with R8	$f_{OSC}$		–	228	–	kHz	
Capture Range (Deviation from 228kHz Center Frequency)	$\Delta f/f$	$V_{PILOT} = 32mV$	–	4	–	%	
Temperature Drift (Uncompensated)	$T_C$		–	+200	–	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$	
<b>Muting Circuit (Pin11)</b>							
Input Voltage (Mute “ON”)	$V_{Dlow}$		–	–	0.8	V	
Input Voltage (Mute “OFF”)	$V_{Dhigh}$		2.0	–	8.0	V	
Input Current (Mute “ON”)	$-I_{Dlow}$		25	10	–	$\mu A$	
Input Current (Mute “OFF”)	$I_{Dhigh}$		–	–	TBD	$\mu A$	
<b>Source Selector (Pin10) Switching Level</b>							
Cassette–to–Radio	$V_{Clow}$		–	–	0.8	V	
	$-I_{Clow}$		25	10	–	$\mu A$	
Radio–to–Cassette	$V_{Chigh}$		2.0	–	8.0	V	
	$I_{Chigh}$		–	–	TBD	$\mu A$	

Note 3. Reference output voltage at 1kHz (measured channel R (Pin2)).

Note 7. ACI (Adjacent Channel Interference):

$$\alpha_{114} = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 4kHz}} : f_S = 110kHz - (3 \times 38kHz)$$

$$\alpha_{190} = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) at 1kHz}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) at 4kHz}} : f_S = 186kHz - (3 \times 38kHz)$$

measured with: 90% mono signal;  $f_S = 1kHz$ ; 9% pilot signal; 1% spurious signal ( $f_S = 110$  or  $186kHz$ , unmodulated).

### Pin Connection Diagram

