

NTE7116
Integrated Circuit
Phase Lock Loop (PLL) Stereo Decoder
(BTSC System)

Description:

The NTE7116 is a phase lock loop (PLL) stereo decoder in a 20-Lead DIP type package designed primarily for low cost stereo decoding in a low-to-medium-line TV. The MUX input (Pin1) is a low impedance current input, the gain of the input amplifier is therefore determined by the external resistor R1. All characteristics are measured with R1 = 47kΩ. The de-emphasis of (L, R) and (L – R) can be chosen by means of external capacitors and resistors. The supply voltage range of the device is from 7V to 16V.

Features:

- Wide Supply Voltage Range
- Automatic Mono/Stereo Switching (Pilot Presence Detector)
- LED Driver for Stereo Indicator
- Smooth Mono/Stereo Control
- Matrix and Two Amplifiers for Left and Right Output Signals
- A Source Selector to Switch between the MUX Signal and an External Signal
- Mute Circuit for 60dB Muting of the Output Level
- External De-Emphasis Control of (L, R) and (L – R)
- 6dB Fixed Attenuation of (L – R) with respect to (L + R) Prior to Matrix
- All Pins are Protected Against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

Absolute Maximum Ratings:

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Supply Voltage Range (Pin5), V_P | 18V |
| LED Driver Current (Peak Value), I_3 | 75mA |
| Total Power Dissipation ($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$), P_{tot} | 1.9W |
| Electrostatic Handling, V_{es} | -2 to +2kV |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range, T_A | 0° to +70°C |
| Storage Temperature Range, T_{stg} | -65° to +150°C |

DC Characteristics: ($V_S = 8.5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, all voltages are with respect to GND (Pin20), all currents are positive into the device unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| Supply Voltage | V_S | | 7.0 | 8.5 | 16.0 | V |
| Total Current Consumption | I_{tot} | Without LED Driver | – | 19 | 25 | mA |
| Power Dissipation | P_{tot} | | – | 160 | – | mW |
| Voltage Pin1 | V_1 | | – | 2.1 | – | V |
| Pins 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, & 13 | V_{8-13} | | – | 4.2 | – | V |
| DC Output Current (Pin14 & Pin15) | $-I_{14}, I_{15}$ | | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 | mA |
| LED Driver Current (Pin3) | I_3 | | – | – | 20 | mA |
| Switch “VCO–OFF” Voltage | V_{19} | $I_{19} = 50\mu A$ | – | 2 | – | V |
| Switch “VCO–OFF” Current | I_{19} | | 50 | – | – | μA |

AC Characteristics: ($V_S = 8.5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, AC Conditions: (1) Input signal (V_i) of $815mV_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 1$ (mono), $f_m = 1kHz$ (80% modulation); (2) MUX input signal (V_i) of $1.2V_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 0$ and no dbx, $f_m = 1kHz$ (stereo) and $V_{pilot} = 200V_{P-P}$; (3) S1 open, unless specified (without L – R filter), VCO measured with an external IF roll–off network ($-2dB$ at $31.5kHz = 2f_H$) at the input. All the above conditions apply unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Overall Performance V_i to V_o | | | | | | |
| Input Current (rms) | $I_{(rms)}$ | | – | – | 12 | μA |
| Overall gain | G_O | Mono; $R1 = 47k\Omega$ | 4.0 | 5.8 | 7.0 | dB |
| AF Output Voltage (rms) | $V_{11} = V_{10}$ | | 460 | 560 | 640 | mV |
| | $V_{15} = V_{14}$ | | – | 245 | – | mV |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | Note 1 | – | 0.3 | 0.5 | % |
| Output Voltage | $V_{11} = V_{10}$ | THD = 1% | – | 800 | – | mV |
| Output Channel Unbalance | V_{11}/V_{10} | | – | 0.1 | 1.0 | dB |
| Channel Separation | α | $L = 1, R = 0$ | 24 | 28 | – | dB |
| Signal to Noise Ratio | S/N | Bandwidth 20Hz to 16kHz | – | 76 | – | dB |
| Pilot Presence Detector (Note 2) | | | | | | |
| Switching to Stereo | V_{pilot} | | – | 40 | 60 | mV |
| | | | 15 | 30 | – | mV |
| Hysteresis | ΔV_{pilot} | | – | 2.5 | – | dB |
| Channel Separation Full Stereo | α | $V_{16} \geq 1.25V$ | 24 | 28 | – | dB |
| | | $V_{16} = 1V$ Typ | – | 10 | – | dB |
| Attenuation (L – R) | | | – | 6 | – | dB |

Note 1. Guaranteed for mono, mono + pilot and stereo.

Note 2. Adjustable.

AC Characteristics (Cont'd): ($V_S = 8.5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, AC Conditions: (1) Input signal (V_i) of $815mV_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 1$ (mono), $f_m = 1kHz$ (80% modulation); (2) MUX input signal (V_i) of $1.2V_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 0$ and no dbx, $f_m = 1kHz$ (stereo) and $V_{pilot} = 200V_{P-P}$; (3) S1 open, unless specified (without $L - R$ filter), VCO measured with an external IF roll-off network ($-2dB$ at $31.5kHz = 2f_H$) at the input. All the above conditions apply unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------|---|----------|----------------------|------|-----------|
| Carrier & Harmonic Suppression at the Output (Note 3) | | | | | | |
| Pilot Signal Suppression | αf_H | $f_{pilot} = 15.734kHz (1f_H)$ | 32 | 36 | – | dB |
| Subcarrier Suppression | $\alpha 2f_H$ | $f = 2f_H$ | – | 60 | – | dB |
| VCO Suppression | $\alpha 12f_H$ | $f = 12f_H$ | – | 75 | – | dB |
| SAP Signal Suppression (Second Audio Program) | $\alpha 5f_H$ | $f = 5f_H$ | – | 60 | – | dB |
| Intermodulation Suppression $f_m = 8.367kHz$ | α_2 | Spurious Signal, $f_s = 1kHz$ | – | 80 | – | dB |
| | α_3 | Spurious Signal, $f_s = 1kHz$ | – | 70 | – | dB |
| Ripple Rejection | RR_{120} | $f = 120Hz$, $V_{ripple} = 100mV$, mono | – | 50 | – | dB |
| Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) | | | | | | |
| R Adjust (R5) | R_{adj} | $f_{OSC} = 188.808kHz$, $R7 = 10k\Omega$ 5%, $C6 = 820pF$ 1% | 0 | – | 8 | $k\Omega$ |
| Capture Range | $\Delta f/f$ | Deviation from f_{OSC} center frequency: $V_{pilot} = 200mV_{P-P}$ | – | 45 | – | % |
| Temperature Coefficient | TC | Uncompensated | – | 250×10^{-6} | – | K^{-1} |
| Output Amplifiers | | | | | | |
| Gain MUX | G_V | | 6.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 | dB |
| | | External Signal | –0.5 | 0 | +0.5 | dB |
| Input Impedance | Z_i | | – | 50 | – | $k\Omega$ |
| Output Impedance | Z_o | | – | 10 | – | Ω |
| External Load Impedance | Z_1 | | 10 | – | – | $k\Omega$ |
| External Load Capacitance | Z_1 | | – | – | 1.5 | nF |
| Mute Suppression MUX Signal | α | | 56 | 60 | – | dB |
| | | External Signal | 56 | 60 | – | dB |
| DC Offset Voltage at Outputs | ΔV | Mute OFF-to-ON | – | 10 | 50 | mV |
| | | Mute ON-to-OFF | – | 10 | 50 | mV |
| Source Selector (Pin6) | | | | | | |
| Suppression of MUX Signal | α | $V_6 \geq 2V$ | 80 | 90 | – | dB |
| Suppression of External Signal | α | $V_6 \leq 0.8V$ | 56 | 60 | – | dB |
| Switching Level (MUX Selected) Voltage | V_{IL} | | – | – | 0.8 | V |
| | | Current | I_{IL} | $V_i = 0.8V$ | – | 10 |

Note 3. S1 closed; reference: AF output voltage $f = 1kHz$ mono.

AC Characteristics (Cont'd): ($V_S = 8.5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, AC Conditions: (1) Input signal (V_i) of $815mV_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 1$ (mono), $f_m = 1kHz$ (80% modulation); (2) MUX input signal (V_i) of $1.2V_{P-P}$ for $L = 1$, $R = 0$ and no dbx, $f_m = 1kHz$ (stereo) and $V_{pilot} = 200V_{P-P}$; (3) S1 open, unless specified (without L – R filter), VCO measured with an external IF roll-off network ($-2dB$ at $31.5kHz = 2f_H$) at the input. All the above conditions apply unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|-----------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-------|---------|
| Source Selector (Cont'd) (Pin6) | | | | | | |
| Switching Level (External Selected) Voltage | V_{IH} | | 2 | – | V_P | V |
| Current | I_{IH} | $V_i = V_P$ | – | 0.1 | 1.0 | μA |
| Muting Circuit (Pin7) | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | V_{IL} | Mute ON | – | – | 0.8 | V |
| | V_{IH} | Mute OFF | 2 | – | V_P | V |
| Input Current | $-I_{IL}$ | Mute ON, $V_{IL} = 0.8V$ | – | 10 | 25 | μA |
| | I_{IL} | Mute OFF, $V_{IH} = V_P$ | – | 0.1 | 1.0 | μA |

Note 4. Intermodulation suppression (Beat Frequency Components (BFC)):

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) (at 1kHz)}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) (at 1kHz)}} ; f_s = (2 \times 8.367kHz) - f_H$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{V_O \text{ (signal) (at 1kHz)}}{V_O \text{ (spurious) (at 1kHz)}} ; f_s = (3 \times 10.823kHz) - 2f_H$$

measured with 100% modulated input signal: $L = R$; pilot signal = $200mV_{P-P}$; $f_m = 8.367$ or $10.823kHz$.

Pin Connection Diagram



